

Wikiprint Book

Title: Import rejestrów

Subject: eDokumenty - elektroniczny system obiegu dokumentów, workflow i CRM -  
UserGuide/AdvancedConfiguration/CustomRegisters/Import

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## Import rejestrów

tworzymy ręcznie tabelę (rejestr) w bazie w schemacie *cregisters* z dziedziczeniem po *cregisters.register\_entry*. **Nazwa tabeli musi posiadać przedrostek "creg\_"**

przykład:

```
CREATE TABLE cregisters.creg_przekaz (
  id INT NOT NULL ,
  nazwisko VARCHAR(50) NULL ,
  imie VARCHAR(50) NULL ,
  ulica VARCHAR(50) NULL ,
  nr_domu VARCHAR(50) NULL ,
  nr_mieszkania VARCHAR(50) NULL ,
  uwagi TEXT
)
INHERITS (cregisters.register_entry)
WITH (OIDS=FALSE);
```

1. Dane (rekordy) możemy załadować w dowolnym momencie.

2.2. Funkcja zakładająca definicję rejestru i pól na podstawie struktury tabel (zamiast tworzenia definicji ręcznie). Zakłada tylko dla rejestrów które nie mają jeszcze definicji.

```
create or replace function my_exec1(text) returns void as $body$
begin
execute $1;
end;
$body$ language plpgsql;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION creg_get_field_type(text) RETURNS text AS $$
SELECT CASE $1
  WHEN 'bool' THEN 'bool'
  WHEN 'timestamp' THEN 'datetime'
  WHEN 'numeric' THEN 'text'
  WHEN 'int2' THEN 'integer'
  WHEN 'int4' THEN 'integer'
  WHEN 'int8' THEN 'integer'
  WHEN 'float' THEN 'float'
  WHEN 'float8' THEN 'float'
  WHEN 'varchar' THEN 'string'
  WHEN 'timestamp' THEN 'datetime'
  WHEN 'timestampz' THEN 'datetime'
  ELSE $1
  END;
$$ LANGUAGE 'sql' STRICT IMMUTABLE;

SELECT my_exec1('INSERT INTO cregisters.register (name__,tabnam,label_) VALUES ('''||replace(tablename,'creg_',')||''','''
FROM pg_tables
WHERE schemaname = 'cregisters' AND NOT EXISTS (SELECT 1 FROM cregisters.register WHERE tabnam = tablename) AND tablename

SELECT my_exec1('INSERT INTO cregisters.register_fields (cregid,name__,label1,label2,type__) VALUES ('''||cregid||''','''||name__||''','''||label1||''','''||label2||''','''||type__||''')
FROM (
  SELECT reg.id__ as cregid, lower(a.attname::text) as name__, creg_get_field_type(typ.typname) as type__
  FROM pg_attribute a
  LEFT JOIN pg_type typ ON typ.oid = a.atttypid
  LEFT JOIN pg_index p ON p.indrelid = a.attrelid AND a.attnum = ANY(p.indkey)
  LEFT JOIN pg_description d ON d.objoid = a.attrelid AND d.objsubid = a.attnum
```

```
LEFT JOIN pg_attrdef f ON f.adrelid = a.attrelid AND f.adnum = a.attnum
LEFT JOIN pg_inherits inh ON (inh.inhrelid = a.attrelid)
LEFT JOIN cregisters.register reg ON (('cregisters.' || reg.tabnam) = (inh.inhrelid::regclass)::text)
WHERE reg.id_____ IS NOT NULL AND a.attnum > 0 AND NOT a.attisdropped AND inh.inhparent = 'cregisters.register_entry'
      AND NOT EXISTS (SELECT 1 FROM cregisters.register_fields rf WHERE rf.cregid = reg.id_____)
ORDER BY reg.id_____, a.attnum
) bb
;

SELECT my_exec1('GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE ON TABLE ' || (inhrelid::regclass)::text || ' TO http;')
FROM pg_inherits
WHERE inhparent = 'cregisters.register_entry'::regclass;

drop function my_exec1(text);
drop function creg_get_field_type(text);
```